What is claimed is:

- A method for therapeutically treating a mammal bearing a tumor, the method comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of a
 therapeutic composition consisting essentially of Alt-1, wherein the mammal generates an immune response that comprises an antibody that specifically binds to an epitope of tumor-associated MUC1 that is different from the epitope of tumor associated MUC1 that is specifically bound by Alt-1.
- 10 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the binding agent is non-radiolabeled.
 - 3. The method of claim 2, wherein Alt-1 and the tumor-associated MUC1 form a complex.
- 15 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the immune response is generated by the complex.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the immune response also includes a T cell response.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal is a human.
 - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein Alt-1 is administered intravenously.
- 25 8. The method of claim 1, wherein Alt-1 is administered subcutaneously.
 - 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the binding agent is administered at a dosage of less than 8 mg/30 kg body weight.

- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the binding agent is administered at a dosage of less than about 3 mg/30 kg body weight
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the binding agent is administered at a dosage of about 2 mg/ patient.
 - 12. The method of claim 1, wherein Alt-1 is non-radiolabeled.
 - 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 15 14. The method of claim 1, wherein Alt-1 is administered intravenously or subcutaneously.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein Alt-1 is administered at a dosage selected from the group consisting of less than 8 mg/30 kg body weight, less than about 3 mg/30 kg body weight, and about 2 mg/ patient.

- 16. A method for therapeutically treating a mammal bearing a tumor, the method comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of a therapeutic composition consisting essentially of a binding agent that specifically binds to an epitope of tumor-associated MUC1, wherein the mammal generates an immune response that comprises an antibody that specifically binds to an epitope of tumor-associated MUC1 that is different from the epitope of tumor associated MUC1 that is specifically bound by the binding agent.
 - 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is non-radiolabeled.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is not a monoclonal antibody selected from: HMPV, VU-3-C6, MF06, VU-11-D1, MF30, BCP8, DF3,
 15 BC2, B27.29, VU-3-D1, 7540MR, MF11, Bc4E549, VU-11-E2, M38, E29, GP1.4,
 214D4, BC4W154, HMFG-2, C595, Mc5 and A76-A/C7.
 - 19. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent and the tumor-associated MUC1 form a complex.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the immune response is generated by the complex.
 - 21. The method of claim 16, wherein the immune response also includes a T cell response.
 - 22. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is Alt-1.
 - 23. The method of claim 16, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 25 24. The method of claim 16, wherein the epitope to which the binding agent specifically binds comprises an immunological determinant that includes carbohydrate.
 - 25. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is administered intravenously.

- 5 26. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is administered subcutaneously.
 - 27. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is administered at a dosage of less that 8 mg/30 kg body weight.
- 28. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is administered at a dosage of less than about 3 mg/30 kg of body weight.
 - 29. The method of claim 16, wherein the binding agent is administered at a dosage of about 2 mg/patent.
- 30. A therapeutic composition consisting essentially of a non-radiolabeled binding agent that specifically binds to an epitope of tumor –associated MUC-1 and that is effective in therapeutically treating a mammal having a tumor that expresses a tumor-associated MUC-1.
- 31. A therapeutic composition comprising a binding agent, other than HMFG1, that specifically binds to an epitope of tumor –associated MUC-1 and that is effective in therapeutically treating a mammal having a tumor that expresses a tumor-associated MUC-1.
 - 32. A therapeutic composition comprising a binding agent that specifically binds to both soluble and tumor-bound tumor –associated MUC-1 and that is effective in therapeutically treating a mammal having a tumor that expresses a tumor-associated MUC-1.
 - 33. The therapeutic composition according to claim 36, wherein the binding agent is not a monoclonal antibody selected from: HMPV, VU-3-C6, MF06, VU-11-D1, MF30, BCP8, DF3, BC2, B27.29, VU-3-D1, 7540MR, MF11, Bc4E549, VU-11-
- 30 E2, M38, E29, GP1.4, 214D4, BC4W154, HMFG-2, C595, Mc5 and A76-A/C7.

- 5 34. A binding agent that binds immunological determinants from amino acid residues of a peptide having the amino acid sequence DTRPAP.
 - 35. A binding agent which binds the same epitope as Alt-1.
 - 36. Alt-1.

- 37. A therapeutic composition comprising a binding agent selected from the group consisting of the binding agent according to claim 34, the binding agent according to claim 35 and Alt-1.
- 15 38. A therapeutic composition comprising an activated binding agent that specifically binds to an epitope of tumor –associated MUC-1 and that is effective in therapeutically treating a mammal having a tumor that expresses a tumor-associated MUC-1.
- 20 39. The therapeutic composition according to claim 37, wherein the binding agent is photoactivated.
 - 40. The therapeutic composition according to claim 31, wherein the binding agent is coupled to a photodynamic agent.

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41. The therapeutic composition according to claim 40, wherein photodynamic agents include hypocrellins and hypocrellin derivatives.